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This form should be completed by the member to apply for continued coverage beyond the maximum age defined in the policy for the dependent (other than spouse) named below. Except for age, the dependent must continue to be a dependent as defined in the policy. This dependent must be incapable of self-support as the result of a developmental disability or physical disability and must be dependent on the member for primary support.

		Account number			
A.	Employee Information				
Υοι	ur name (last, first, middle initial)		Date of birth		Social security number
Hor	me address (street)				
City	y State		2	ZIP code	Home phone number
В.	Dependent Information				
	pendent's name (last, first, middle initial)	Date o	of birth	Depender	nt's social security number
	is dependent covered by prior carrier? If yes, date prior coverage ended				
vva	yes no				
Nar	me of prior carrier			F	Prior carrier phone number
C.	Details About Incapacity: Give complete details so processing is r	not delaved	1.		
	scription of incapacity / reason for incapacity				
Ho	w does incapacity interfere with daily life?				
	···· ·································				
Wh	en did incapacity start?				
D.	Schools and Jobs				
1.	Has this dependent been going to a school or training facility? yes	no			
	If yes, has this dependent been going full-time? yes no				
2.	List schools and facilities attended:		Dates attended:		
			from		to
			nom		
3.	What education level has been reached?				
4.	How was this level reached? special education program rec	gular classes	3		
5.	Has this dependent been working? yes no (If no, proceed to	question #10	0)		
6.	Is so, where and for how long?				

D.	Schools and Jobs (continued)
7.	How many hours per week does this dependent work?
8.	Wage earned \$ per hour.
9.	Describe the job duties.
10.	If this dependent has not been working, has job placement been suggested? yes no
	If no, why not?
	If yes, what type of placement?
11.	What is it about the incapacity that prevents employment?
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Ε.	Daily Activities
1.	Can this dependent drive a car on his/her own? yes no
2.	Does this dependent need help in daily travel to school or work? yes no
	activities outside the house? yes no
3.	Does this dependent live at home? yes no
	If no, where does this dependent live?
	Is this a custodial care facility? yes no
4.	If this dependent's incapacity requires residence at any place other than the home address shown on this form, give name and address of such place and the amount of time spent there.
	Name of residence Amount of time spent there
5.	Do you regularly provide more than one-half of the financial support of this child? yes no
	If no, explain:
6.	Is this dependent claimed as a dependent by you for federal income tax purposes? yes no
	If no, explain:
7.	Does this dependent manage his/her own money? yes no
8.	Does this dependent have a checking account? yes no
9.	Describe a typical day:

## F. Member Signature

I represent that to the best of my knowledge and belief all statements and answers made by me on this form are true, complete and correct. They shall be a part of this application for continued coverage under the described group policy. I agree the coverage is subject to approval by Principal Life Insurance Company at its home office in Des Moines, lowa; and that continued coverage is subject to written request being made within 31 days after the date the dependent reaches the maximum age defined in the policy.

I authorize any doctor, health care provider, hospital, clinic, or other medically related facility who has knowledge of the dependent to give to Principal Life any such information. I also understand that any charge for this information is to be paid by me.

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement, may be guilty of insurance fraud.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Maine: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

Member's signature

Date signed

G. Employ	er to Complete		
Company nar	ne as it appears on your billing		Member's effective date under this group
Were membe	r's dependents covered at that time?	If not, when was dependent coverage effective?	
yes	no		
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## H. Statement of Physician About Dependent Named on Page 1: This section must be completed by the physician.

Are you presently see	eina this n	atient for inc	anacity?

Please furnish the history of the incapacity. Include diagnosis, treatment, results of special studies, present course, prognosis, etc. If the space below does not allow room for sufficient history, please attach the history to this form.

Please provide the Global Assessment of Functioning Scale if applicable.

In your opinion, is this patient capable of self-support?	no				
If no: what is it about the incapacity that prevents self-support?					
How long has the incapacity existed?	How long may such ir	ncapacity be expected to continue?			
Is self-support possible in the future? $\Box$ yes $\Box$ no	If so, when?				
Physician's signature		Date signed			
Physician's printed name					
Address (street)		City			
State	ZIP code	Phone number			
Nation Dominamento					

## Notice Requirements

Date you first attended this patient

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Arizona: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement, may be guilty of insurance fraud.

Arkansas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

California: Any false statement made on this form will not bar the right to recovery under the group policy(ies) unless such false statement was made with actual intent to deceive or unless it materially affected either the acceptance of the risk or the hazard assumed by Principal Life.

**Colorado:** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

**District of Columbia:** Warning: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

**Kentucky:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Jersey: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

**Ohio:** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

## Notice Requirements (continued)

**Oklahoma:** WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Pennsylvania:** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

**Tennessee:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purposes of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of coverage.

Virginia: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may have violated state law.

**Washington:** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.