## ORDINANCE 2014-01

# AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF BURNET, TEXAS, AMENDING CHAPTER 70 ARTICLE V ("NOISE"), ADOPTING PROVISIONS RELATING TO NOISE AND SOUND LEVEL REGULATION CONTROL IN THE CITY LIMITS OF THE CITY OF BURNET.

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Burnet, Texas, has determined that there is a need for establishing a basic level of regulations for the emission of noise and sound levels, to help in protecting the users of property who are in close proximity to others who are creating noise or an excessive level of sound from the harmful effects and inconvenience of such sounds and to help promote peacefulness within the City; and

WHEREAS, the City of Burnet finds a benefit in adding objective standards to its existing noise restrictions; and

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Burnet has found that the following regulations will promote the health, safety and welfare of the citizens and persons within the City; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BURNET, TEXAS THAT THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS BE AND ARE HEREBY ADOPTED, THAT THE SAME BE ADDED TO THE ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF BURNET AND ARE HEREINAFTER EFFECTIVE WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS OF THE CITY OF BURNET:

Chapter 70 ("Offenses and Miscellaneous Provisions"), Article V ("Noise") is renamed "Noise and Sound Level Regulation" and amended to read in its entirety as follows:

#### **DEFINITIONS.**

The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, unless the context of their usage clearly indicates another meaning:

(a) *Daytime hours* shall mean the hours from 7:00 a.m. on one day and 10:00 p.m. the same day for residential properties or areas and 6:00 a.m. on one day and midnight on the same day for nonresidential properties or areas.

(b) dB(A) shall mean the intensity of a sound expressed in decibels.

(c) Emergency shall mean any occurrence or set of circumstances involving actual or imminent physical trauma or property damage or loss that demands immediate action.

(d) *Emergency work* shall mean any work performed for the purpose of (i) preventing or alleviating the physical trauma or property damage threatened or caused by an emergency, (ii) restoring property to a safe condition following a fire, accident, or natural disaster, (iii) protecting persons or property from exposure to danger, or (iv) restoring public utilities.

(e) Nighttime hours shall mean the hours between 10:01 p.m. on one day and 6:59 a.m. the following day for residential properties or areas and 12:01 a.m. and 5:59 a.m. the same day for nonresidential properties or areas.

(f) Nonresidential property/areas shall mean any real property that is not included in the definition of residential property as defined in this section. Without limitation, the term includes properties that have been zoned other than as residential property, and properties that are devoted to public purposes, such as public parks.

(g) Plainly audible means any sound that can be detected by a person using his or her unaided hearing faculties. For example, if the sound source under investigation is a portable or personal vehicular sound amplification or reproduction device, the enforcement officer need not determine the name of the song, specific words or the artist performing it. The detection of the rhythmic bass component of the music is sufficient to constitute a plainly audible sound.

(*h*) Property line shall mean, with respect to single occupancy properties, the line along the ground surface and its vertical extension that separates the real property owned, leased, or occupied by one person from that owned, leased, or occupied by another person. With respect to shared occupancy properties the term shall mean the imaginary line that represents the legal limits of occupancy of any person who owns, leases, or otherwise occupies an apartment, condominium, hotel or motel room, office, or any other type of occupancy from that of other occupants.

(i) Residential property/ areas shall mean any real property zoned residential (public, single family residential, multifamily)

(*j*) Streets shall be defined as being in the same category as the surrounding zoning. In the case of residential properties/areas which are across the street from nonresidential properties/areas, the street shall be considered to be in a residential area.

## **GENERAL PROHIBITIONS.**

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to make, continue, or cause to be made or continued any loud, unnecessary, or unusual noise that annoys, disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of others. In determining whether a noise is loud, unnecessary, or unusual, the following factors shall be considered: time of day; proximity to residential properties/areas as defined above; whether the noise is recurrent, intermittent, or constant; the volume and intensity; whether the noise has been enhanced in volume or range by any type of electronic or

mechanical means; and whether the noise is subject to being controlled without unreasonable effort or expense to the creator thereof.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to make, assist in making, permit, continue, cause to be made or continued, or permit the continuance of any sound that either exceeds the maximum permitted sound levels specified in section 4 ("Maximum permissible sound levels") or for purposes of Section 1("Noisy vehicles generally"), Section 2 ("Amplified sound"), and Section 3("Noisy animals and birds") of this Ordinance, otherwise unreasonably disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of others.

(c) The acts enumerated in the following sections of this chapter, among others, are declared to be loud, disturbing, and unnecessary noises in violation of this chapter, but such enumeration shall not be deemed to be exclusive.

(d) This ordinance shall not apply to any public utility or public works.

Section 1. Noisy vehicles generally.

(a.) The use of any motor vehicle so out of repair or so extra loaded, that it creates any loud and unreasonable or unusual, (that is, not standard equipment for the type vehicle, or which violates state of Texas regulations for equipment or emissions), grating, grinding, rattling, or any other loud and unreasonable sound is hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful.

(b) No person shall operate an engine of any motor vehicle as defined by the Texas Transportation Code so as to "brake" or slow through the use of gears (commonly known as "jake braking") or by any other method which produces any noise in addition to the normal operating engine noise.

(c) No person shall operate or allow an engine of any sort of motor vehicle, except emergency equipment or vehicles then located at a permitted public event or parade, to idle for more than one (1) hour.

Section 2. Amplified sound.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to make, assist in making, permit, continue, cause to be made or continued, or permit the continuance of any sound using any sound amplifier that is part of or connected to any speaker system, radio, stereo receiver, compact disc player, cassette tape player, microphone, or any other sound source, when operated: (i) in such a manner as to disturb the peace, quiet, and comfort of the neighboring inhabitants, or (ii) at any time with louder volume than is necessary for convenient hearing for persons who are in

the vehicle or within the property or premises in which such sound amplifier is operated and who are voluntary listeners thereto. The operation of any such sound amplifier in such a manner as to be plainly audible at a distance of 50 feet or more from a vehicle shall be presumed to be in violation of this section. The operation of any such sound amplifier in such a manner that bass sounds are plainly audible at a distance of 50 feet or more from the property line of a property or premises in which the amplification is located shall be presumed to be in violation of this section.

(b) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section that the sound source is a motor vehicle and that (i) the motor vehicle is a mobile sound stage or studio that is being used on a stationary basis at a location not situated upon any street for the purpose of providing sound, during daytime hours, for an event or function and (ii) the use is in compliance with all other provisions of this article.

## Section 3. Noisy animals and birds.

(a) The keeping of any animal or bird that causes or makes frequent or long and continued sound that unreasonably disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of ordinary, reasonable persons of normal sensibilities and ordinary tastes, habits, and modes of living who reside in the vicinity thereof is hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful as a sound nuisance in violation of this chapter, regardless of whether the sound so created by said animal or bird is within the permissible levels specified in Section 4 (Maximum permissible sound levels") of this Ordinance.

(b) In any prosecution for a violation of this section Noisy Animals and Birds, the fact that any loud animal noise which disturbed any person and which occurs in residential areas either:

(1) during nighttime hours; or

(2) when none of the residents who reside at the place where the animal or bird is being kept are at home;

shall create a rebuttable presumption that such noise was in violation of this article.

(c) In any prosecution for a violation of this section, the fact that any animal or bird has been allowed or permitted to persistently and chronically violate this section, as demonstrated by the issuance of two or more citations and or the receipt of two or more complaints from more than one household within a two month period shall create a rebuttable presumption that such noise was in violation of this article.

## Section 4. Maximum permissible sound levels.

(a) In addition to the violations established by the preceding sections of this chapter, no person shall conduct, permit, or allow any activity or sound source to produce a sound discernible beyond the property on which the sound is being generated that when measured as provided in ("Method of sound measurement") of this Ordinance exceeds 85 dB(A) during daytime hours and 70 dB(A) during nighttime hours for the respective areas described above.

Any sound that exceeds the dB(A) levels set forth in this section under the conditions and measurement criteria set forth in this chapter is a violation of this chapter. Evidence that an activity or sound source produces a sound that exceeds the dB(A) levels specified in this section shall be prima facie evidence of a sound nuisance that unreasonably disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of others in violation of this chapter.

(b) Regardless of the measurable dB(A) level established above and measured as provided in section 5 ("Method of sound measurement"), below, the generator of any sound of such a nature as to cause persons occupying or using any property other than the property upon which the sound is being generated to experience physically detectable sound, vibrations or resonance at a distance of fifty (50') feet from the source of the sound (measured as set out below) caused by the sound shall also be prima facie evidence of a sound that unreasonably disturbs, injures, or endangers the comfort, repose, health, peace, or safety of others in violation of this chapter.

## Section 5. Method of sound measurement.

Whenever portions of this chapter prohibit sound over a certain decibel limit, measurement shall be made with a calibrated sound level meter utilizing the A-weighting scale and the slow meter response as specified by the American Standards Association. Measurements recorded shall be taken so as to provide a proper representation of the sound being measured. The microphone of the meter shall be positioned so as not to create any unnatural enhancement or diminution of the measured sound. A wind screen for the microphone shall be used. Traffic, aircraft, and other transportation noise shall not be considered in taking measurements except where such background noise interferes with the noise being measured and cannot reasonably be distinguished from the primary noise. Measurements of sound generated shall be taken from the curb line of the nearest public street to the property where the sound is generated and taken toward the source of the sound. In the event that there is not at least fifty (50') feet of distance from the building in which sound is being generated and from which sound is being measured, then measurements shall be taken from the street curb line opposite the said building of the nearest public street to the property where the sound is generated.

Section 6. Use of outdoor sound amplification equipment.

(a) No person shall use or cause to be used any loudspeaker, loudspeaker system, sound amplifier, or any other machine or device that produces, reproduces, or amplifies sound outside of buildings or other enclosed structures in a manner that exceeds the levels specified in section 5 ("Maximum permissible sound levels").

<u>Section 7.</u> Defenses. The following defenses shall apply to any offense established in this chapter, and the same must be specifically plead by anyone charged with a violation:

(a) The emission of any sound was for the purpose of alerting persons to the existence of an emergency, danger, or attempted crime, or was produced pursuant to any safety rule or regulation of any governmental entity or agency.

(b) The sound was produced by an authorized emergency vehicle.

(c) The sound was produced by emergency work.

(d) The sound was generated:

(1) At a lawfully scheduled stadium event;

(2) At a lawfully scheduled City of Burnet site;

(3) By a parade and spectators and participants on the parade route during a lawful parade;

(4) By spectators and participants at lawfully scheduled amphitheater event;

(5) By patrons and participants using cannons and gunfire during historical battle re-enactments for which a pyrotechnic permit was obtained and the explosives were inspected by the fire marshal;

(6) By a pyrotechnic display that was inspected and approved by the fire marshal; or

(7) By spectators and participants of any outdoor event, fun run, race, festival, fiesta, or concert that was sponsored or cosponsored by the city and in full compliance with a permit issued by the city.

(e) The sound was produced by the erection, excavation, construction, or demolition of any building or structure, including the use of any necessary tools or equipment, which activity did not produce a sound exceeding 85 dB(A) when measured from the property line of the residential property where the sound is being received.

(f) The sound was produced by aircraft, in flight or in operation at an airport, or railroad equipment in operation on railroad rights-of-way.

(g) The sound was produced by operating or permitting the operation of any mechanically powered saw, drill, sander, router, grinder, lawn or garden tool, lawnmower, or any other similar device used between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. when the sound is being produced for the maintenance or upkeep of the property on which it was operated.

(h) The sound was produced by church bells or church chimes when used as part of a religious observance or service during daytime hours for the zone in which the church is located.

(i) The sound was produced during daytime hours by activities conducted on public parks, public playgrounds, and public or private school grounds, including, but not limited to, school athletic, band and school entertainment practice or events.

#### Section 7. Penalty.

(a) It is an offense for any person to violate Section 1, Section 2, Section 3, or Section 4 of this article. An offense is punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500). Multiple violations may arise from the same occurrence if violations continue unabated after the issuance of a citation.

(b) Enforcement hereunder shall not require the pleading or proving of any culpable mental state.

**Section three.** <u>Findings of Fact.</u> The findings and recitations set out herein are found to be true and correct and are hereby adopted by the City Council and made a part hereof for all purposes as findings of fact.

Section four. <u>Repeal of Conflicting Ordinances.</u> All Ordinances or parts thereof in conflict herewith are amended to the extent of such conflict only.

**Section five.** <u>Severability.</u> If any provision of this ordinance or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications hereof which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are declared to be severable.

**Section six.** <u>Open Meetings.</u> That it is hereby officially found and determined that the meetings at which this ordinance were passed were open to the public as required and that public notice of the time, place, and purpose of said meetings was given as required by the Open Meetings Act, Chapt. 551, Loc. Gov't. Code.

**Section seven.** <u>Effective Date.</u> This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon approval and adoption by the City Council and publication as required by law.

**PASSED AND APPROVED** on this the 14<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2014.

FINALLY PASSED AND APPROVED on this the 28<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2014.

## **CITY OF BURNET, TEXAS**

Garv Wideman. Mavor

ATTEST:

Kelly Dix, City Secretary